

# Stroke Feedback System

## Final Design Report

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Client: Dr. Alex Carter, MD, PhD

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# Stroke and Hemiparesis

- Hemiparesis – weakening of or inability to use one side of body
- Caused by lesions in primary motor cortices
- Can cause major fine motor deficiencies, leading to a decrease in quality of life

# Stroke Rehabilitation: Neurophysiological Hypothesis

- Hypothesis that brain shuts down ineffective motor pathways (Liepert 2000)
- Need device to provide feedback in response to activation of successful motor neuron pathway
- Hypothesis that multi-modal feedback is key for recognition of successful pathways
- Piron, et al. have shown that augmented-feedback rehab facilitates motor recovery

# Project Need

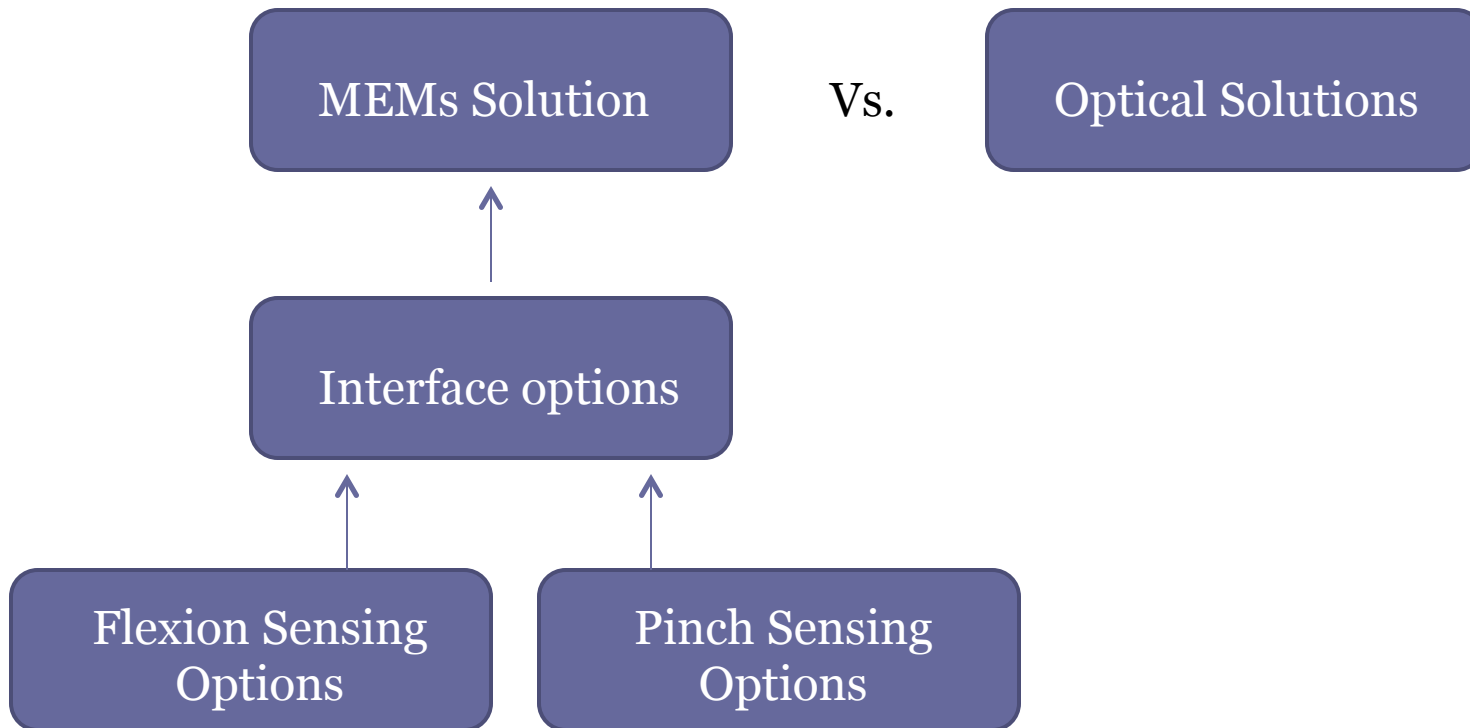
- Feedback amplifier for use in proof-of-concept experiments to test effectiveness of multimodal feedback
- Focus on fine finger movement (finger flexion and pinching movement)

# Design Specifications

- System Specifications
  - Sampling rate: 100 Hz
  - System must not harm patient
  - Powered by wall outlet, computer, or battery pack
  - User must be able to set operation mode
- Design Specifications
  - Weight on hand: <200 g
  - Total weight: <5 kg
  - Must fit middle 90% of both genders, as defined by ANSUR
  - Must not severely limit hand motion
- Feedback Specifications
  - At least 2 forms (auditory, tactile, visual)
  - Must be detectable by the user, but not damaging

# Design Selection

- Bottom-up design approach to microelectromechanical system



# Pressure Sensitive Conductive Material

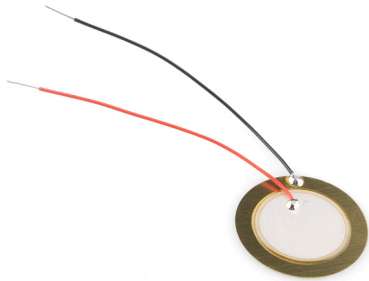
- Velostat/Linqstat
- Conductive material whose resistance varies with pressure applied
- Positioned similarly to flex sensing resistor
- Main drawback
  - Must be manufactured into a sensor



# Pinch Sensor Comparison

## Piezoelectric Sensor

- Produces a charge in the material when deformed
- Main drawback
  - Suffers from hysteresis



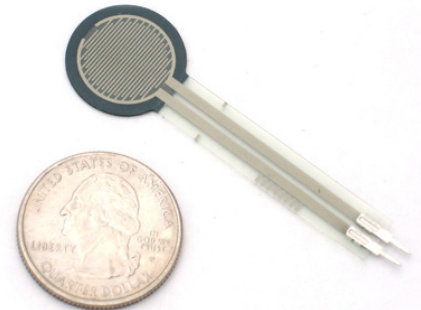
## Tactile Switch

- Pinch movement depresses button on switch turning it on
- Main drawback
  - Might be too small



## Force Sensing Resistor

- Sensor whose resistance changes when a force is applied
- Main drawback
  - Relatively large compared to fingertip.





# Design Change

- We abandoned the tactile switch due to its attachment characteristics
  - Designed to be soldered onto a circuit board
- Use Velostat for pinch sensor as well
  - Coding can turn analog sensor to digital input (essentially)
- Utilizes bulk Velostat – cost effective

# MEMs Interface Analysis

	<b>Weight</b>	<b>Glove</b>	<b>Discrete Components</b>
<b>Accessibility</b>	10	1	8
<b>Safety</b>	9	7	8
<b>Sanitation</b>	9	5	7
<b>Customizability</b>	5	2	9
<b>Cost</b>	6	10	8
<b>Weight</b>	8	8	8
<b>Ease of Setup</b>	10	10	7
<b>Ease of part integration</b>	7	5	9
<b>Total</b>		337	423

# MEMs vs. Optical

	Weight	MEMS Design	LEAP Motion	3Gearsystems	Microsoft Digits	Ascension trakSTAR	Optitrack	Color Glove
<b>Cost</b>	4	10	7	5	6	2	1	5
<b>Portability</b>	8	10	8	6	7	3	0	6
<b>Spatial Resolution</b>	7	5	10	8	7	9	9	5
<b>Temporal Resolution</b>	5	10	8	4	5	9	8	1
<b>Software Involvement</b>	8	10	6	6	1	4	4	3
<b>Patient Accessibility</b>	9	7	9	10	10	10	8	10
<b>Therapist Accessibility</b>	8	8	10	9	8	5	3	9
<b>Feedback Integration</b>	10	10	8	8	8	8	8	8
<b>Total</b>		512	491	434	396	382	315	374

# Circuitry

- Large number of inputs and outputs dictated the use of the Arduino Mega 2560
  - 54 digital I/O, 15 PWM outputs, 16 analog ins
- Can sample and convert (analog to digital) at 10 kHz
- Programmable with free software
- Easy to use
- Powered by 7-12 V DC, uses about 100 mA during operation

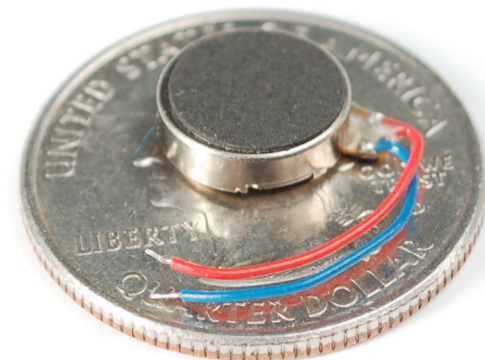
# Feedback Actuators

- Audio:
  - $8\Omega$ ,  $.1W$  speaker mounts directly to PCB. Driven from Arduino with `tone()` function.
  - In series with  $150\Omega$  resistor the speaker will draw  $32\text{ mA}$  max
  - Volume of  $80\text{ dB}$  at max power



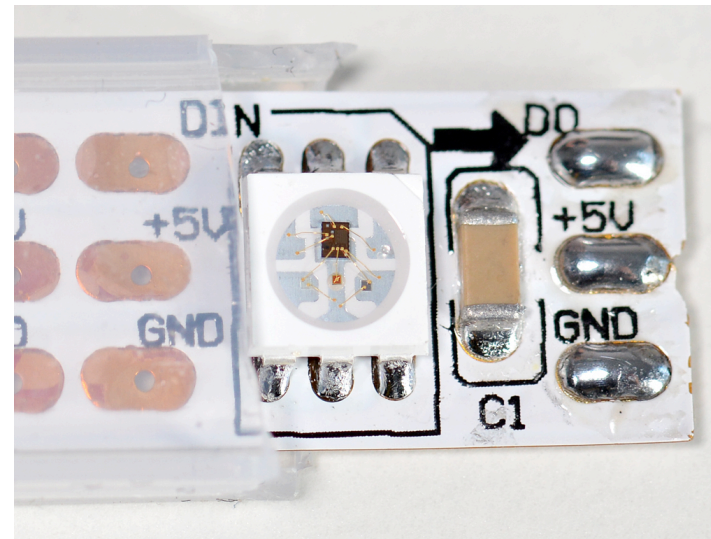
# Feedback Actuators

- Tactile:
  - Coin-type vibration motor mounted on finger pad
  - 10mm diameter motor
  - We will limit the strength of the motor by placing it in series with a  $50\Omega$  resistor
  - Draws 50mA at 5V



# Feedback Actuators

- Visual:
  - Need a small RGB LED that can be integrated onto the hand
  - Adafruit Neopixel Strip – flexible strips of RGB LEDs with built-in driver chip
  - 60 mA max draw at 5V (max voltage)



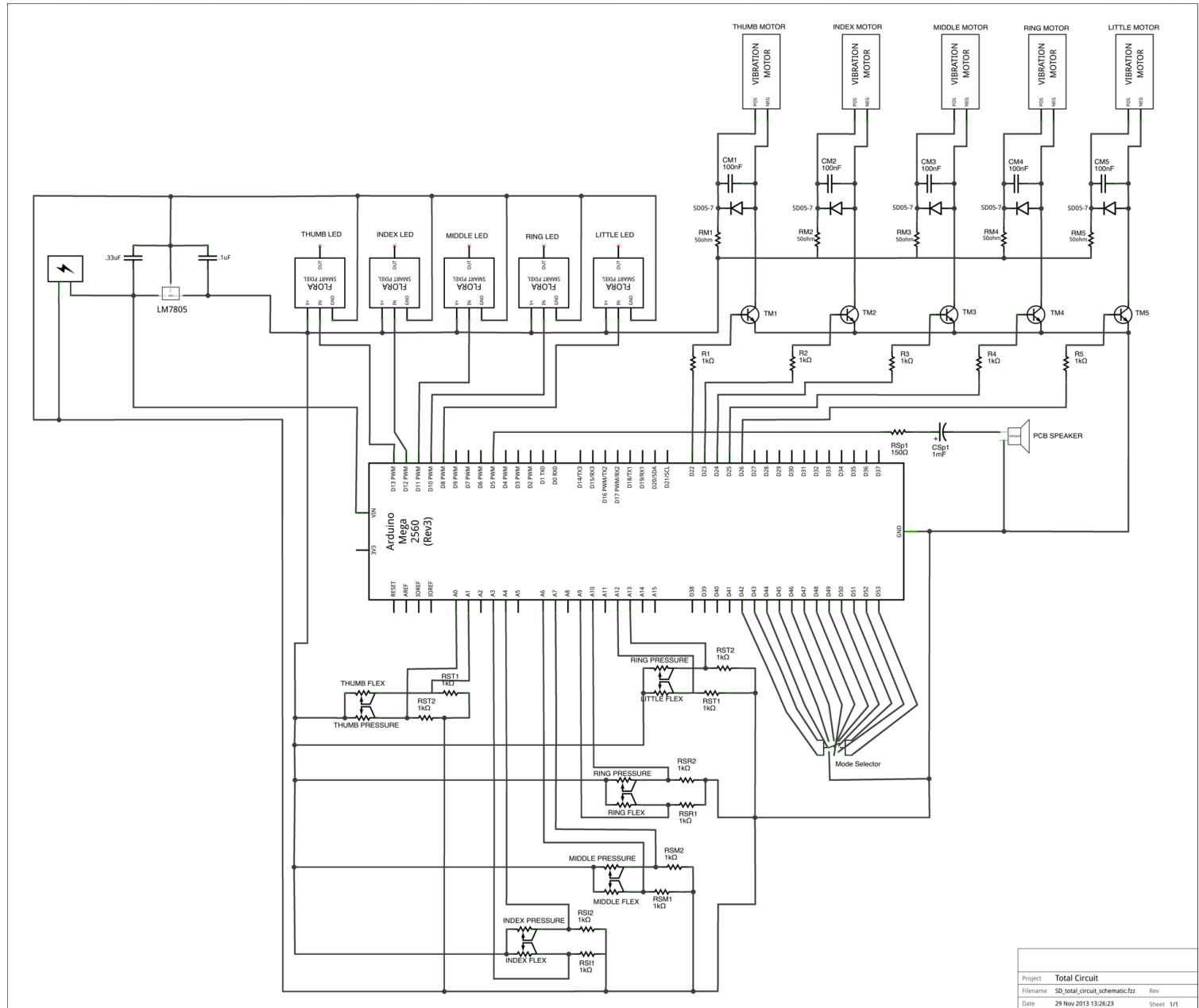
# Power Considerations

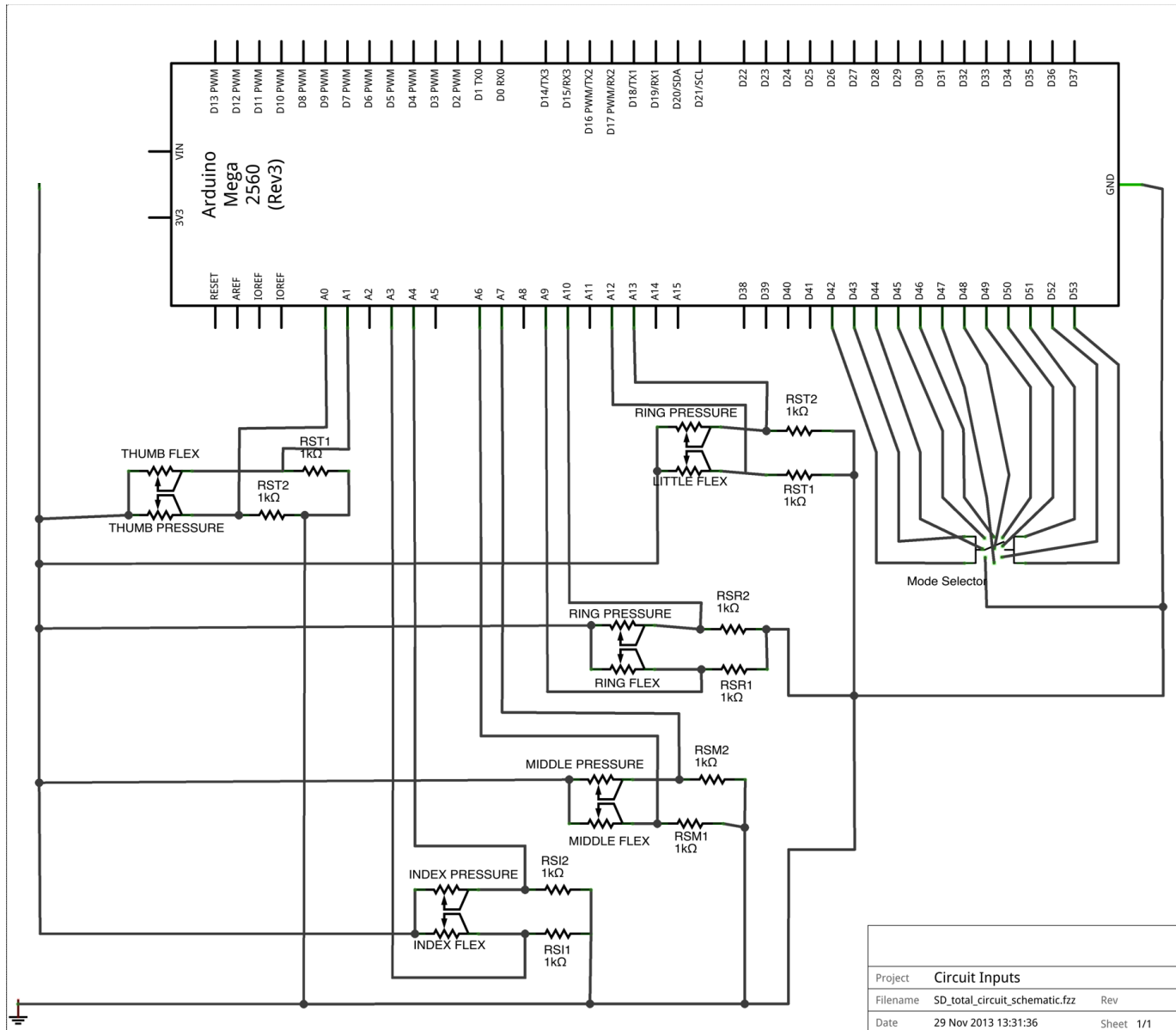
- How much current will the system draw with everything on?
- Each finger:  $60\text{mA} + 50\text{mA} + 5\text{mA} + 5\text{mA} = 120\text{mA}$
- Speaker:  $32\text{mA}$
- Arduino:  $\sim 100\text{mA}$
- Total:  $\sim 732\text{mA}$ , with all components on



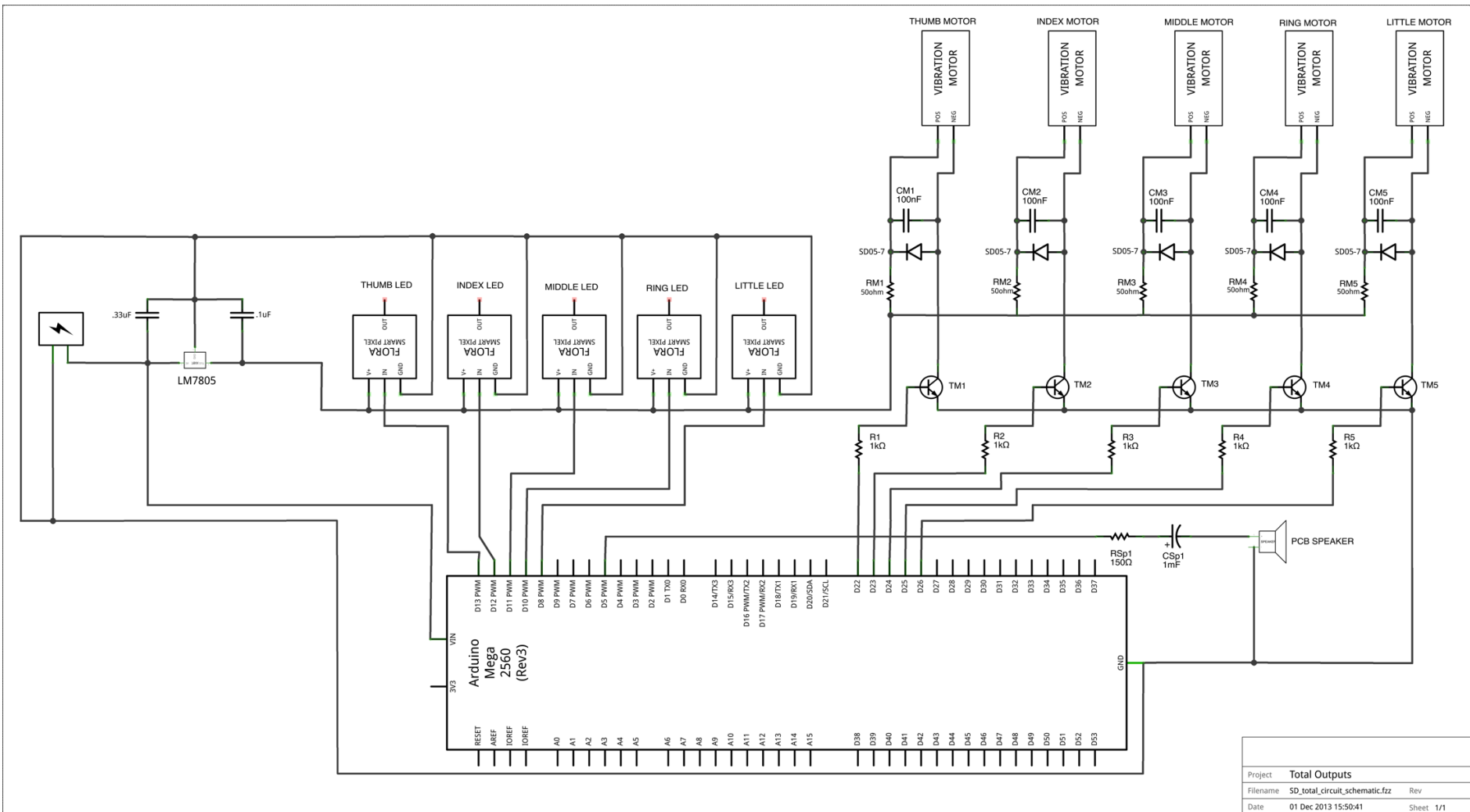
# PCB Trace Width

- $I = (0.048)(dT^{0.44})(A^{0.725})$  for external traces
  - $dT$  is acceptable temp. rise in Celsius,  $A$  is cross-sectional area (Douglas Brooks, UltraCAD Design, Inc)
- Need at least 12 mil with 10°C allowable rise

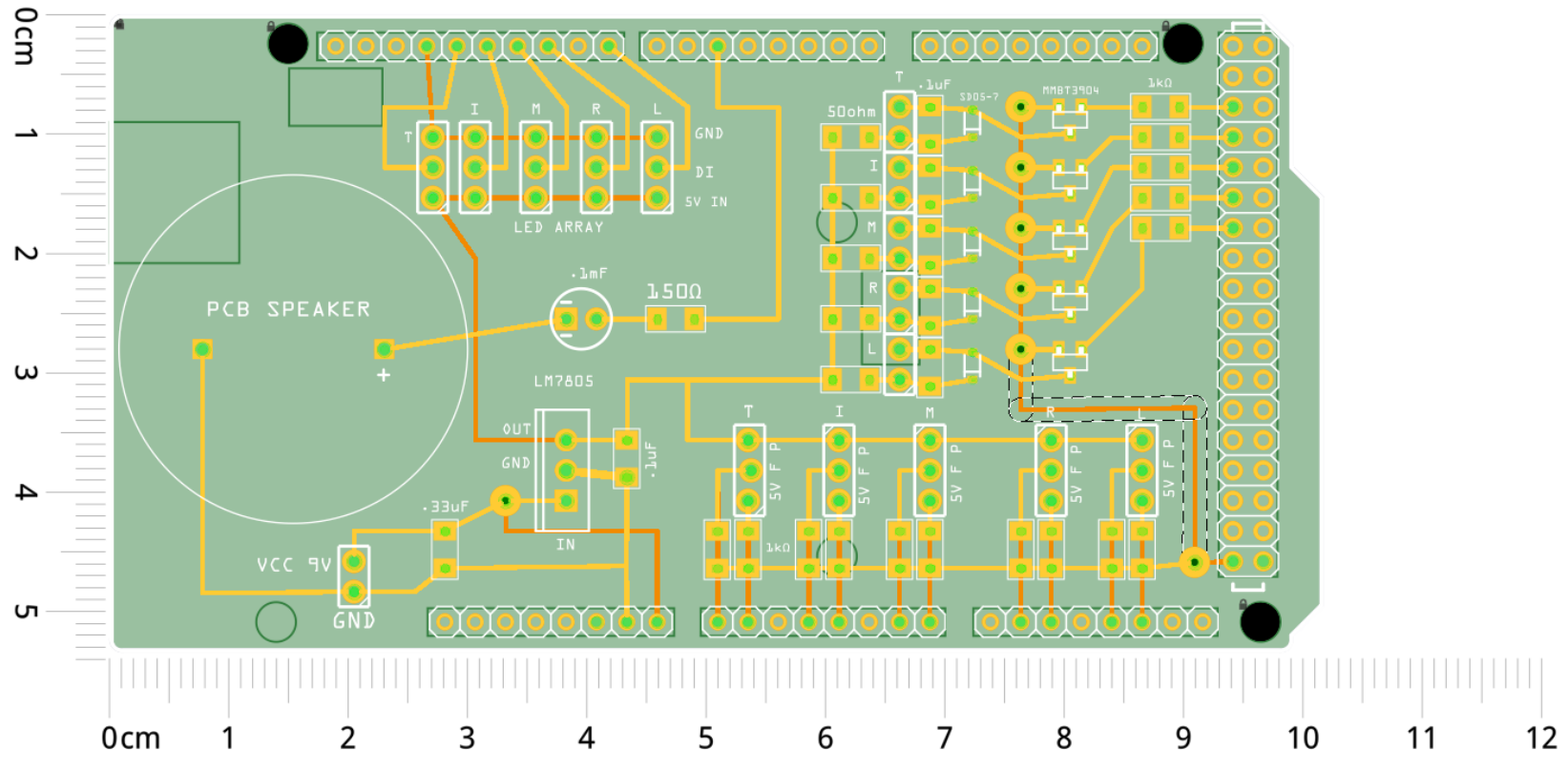
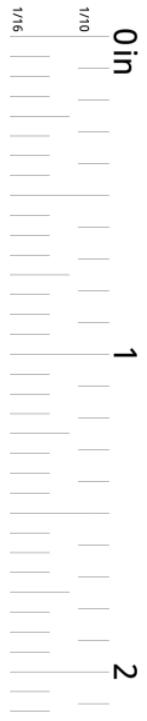




Project	Circuit Inputs	
Filename	SD_total_circuit_schematic.fzz	Rev
Date	29 Nov 2013 13:31:36	Sheet 1/1

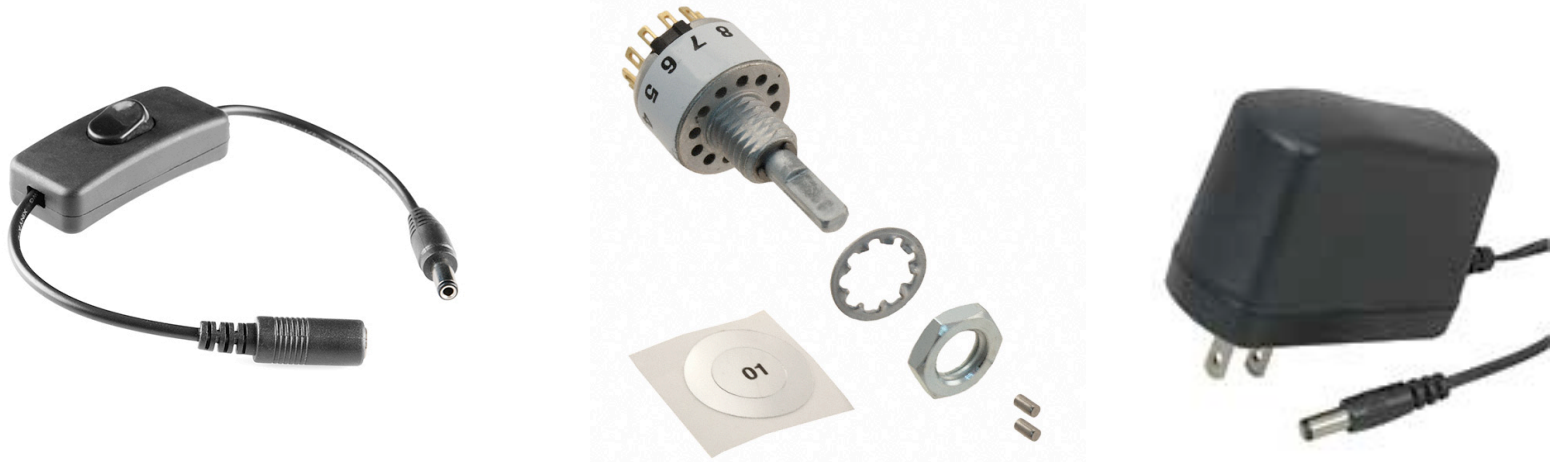


Project	Total Outputs	
Filename	SD_total_circuit_schematic.fz	Rev
Date	01 Dec 2013 15:50:41	Sheet 1/1



# Power and Rotary Switch

- 9V, 1.5A 2.1mm DC wall plug with on/off
  - 9V powers Arduino and DC/DC converter used to power all other components at 5V
- Rotary switch provides mode selection



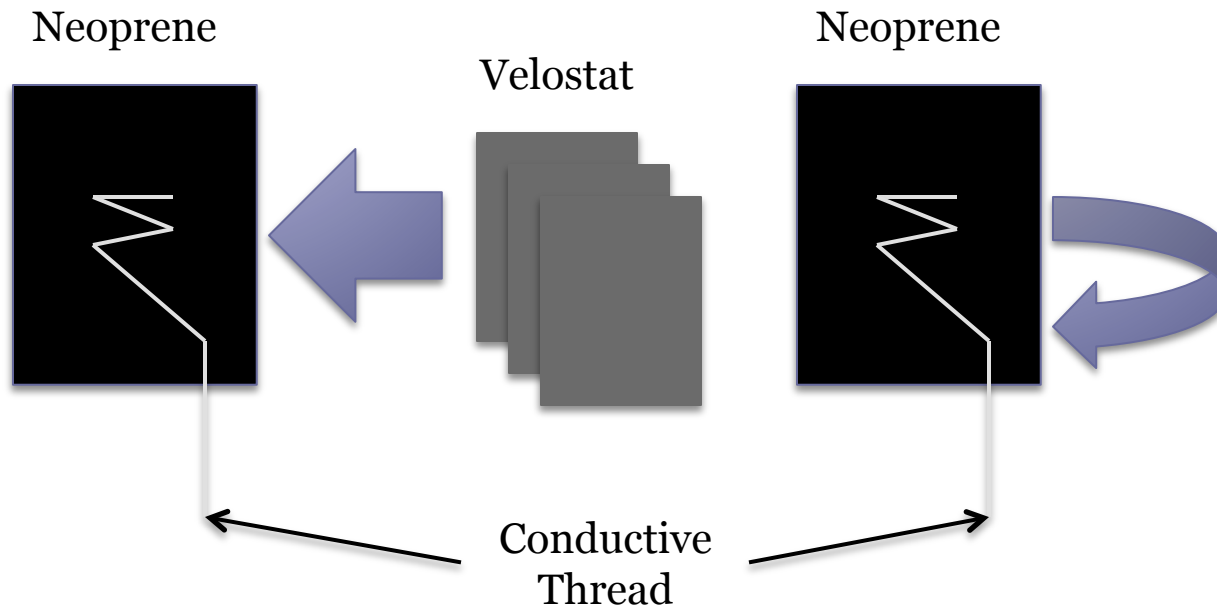
# Misc. Electronic Components

- 2:1 Heat Shrink will be used to bundle the wires from the finger strips
- Circuitry placed in enclosure
- Enclosure machined to provide ports for power supply and wires, open speaker to air



# Flex and Pinch Sensor Construction

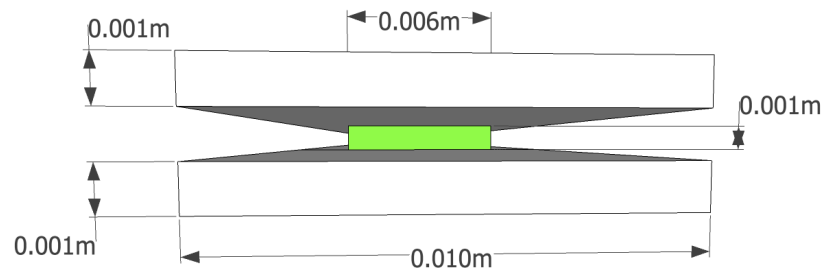
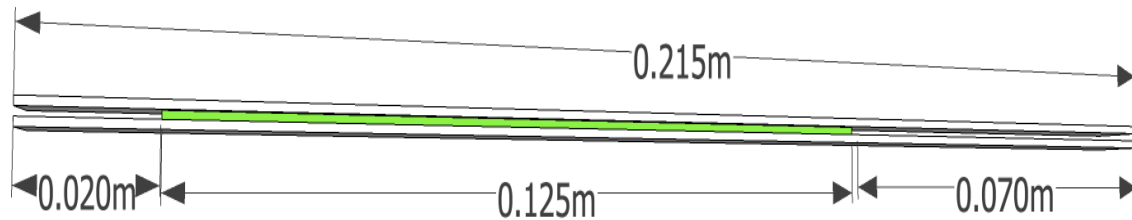
- Use neoprene to encase three Velostat strips, sandwiched between conductive thread
- Thread is soldered to leads





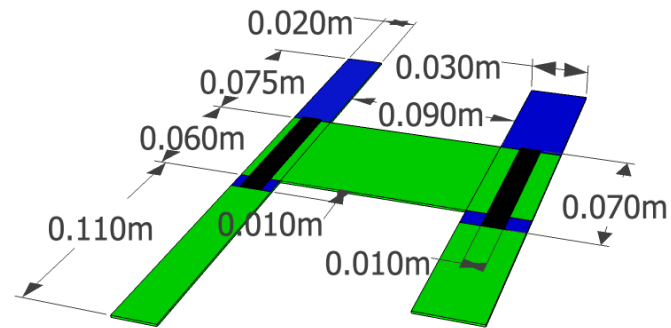
# Discrete Sections - Finger Strip

- Neoprene and encased Velostat flex sensor



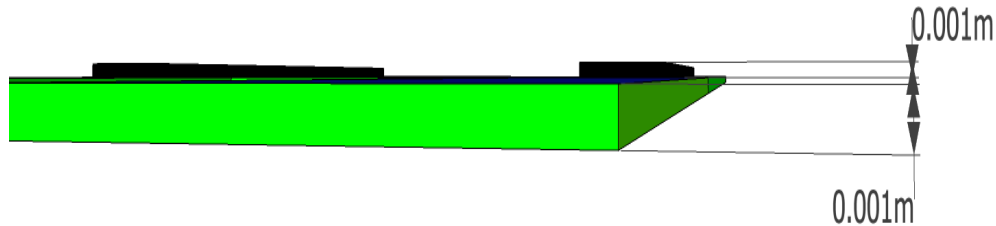
# Discrete Sections

- Hand and Wrist cuff
- 1 mm Neoprene with hook-and-loop attachments
- Straps fasten around palm and wrist



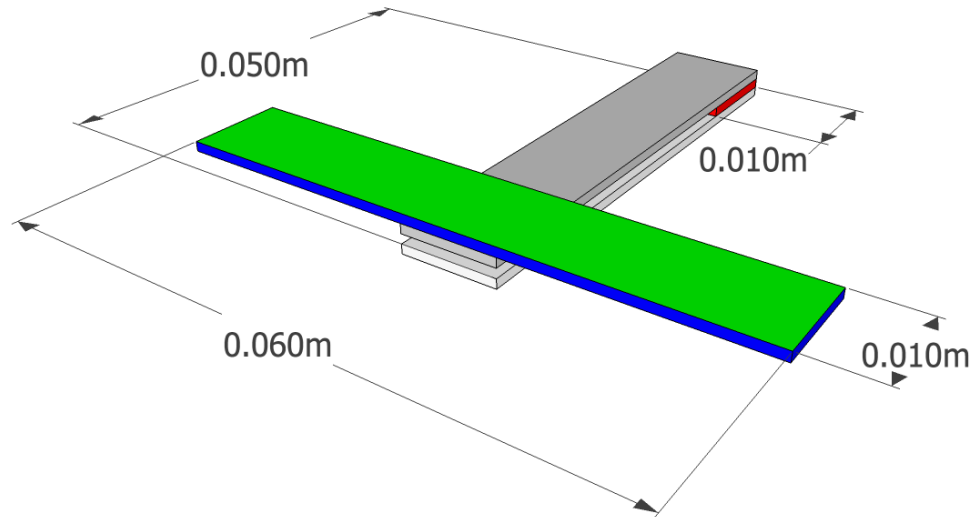
# Discrete Sections

- Side view of neoprene and hook-and-loop thickness



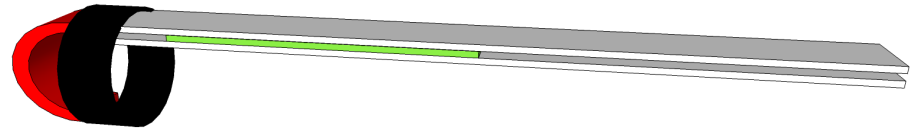
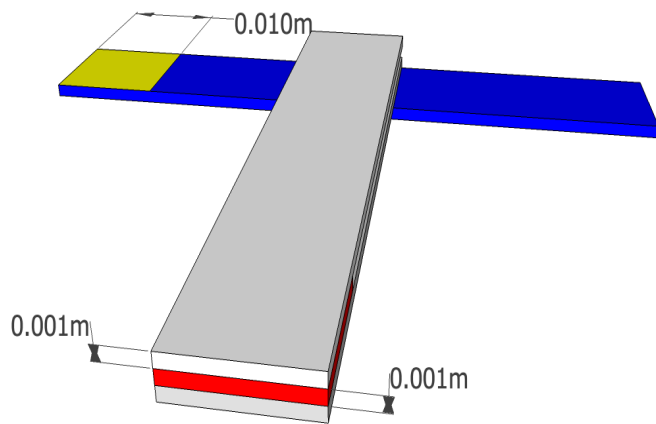
# Discrete Sections - Finger Cap

- Extension of finger strip
- Wraps around end of finger

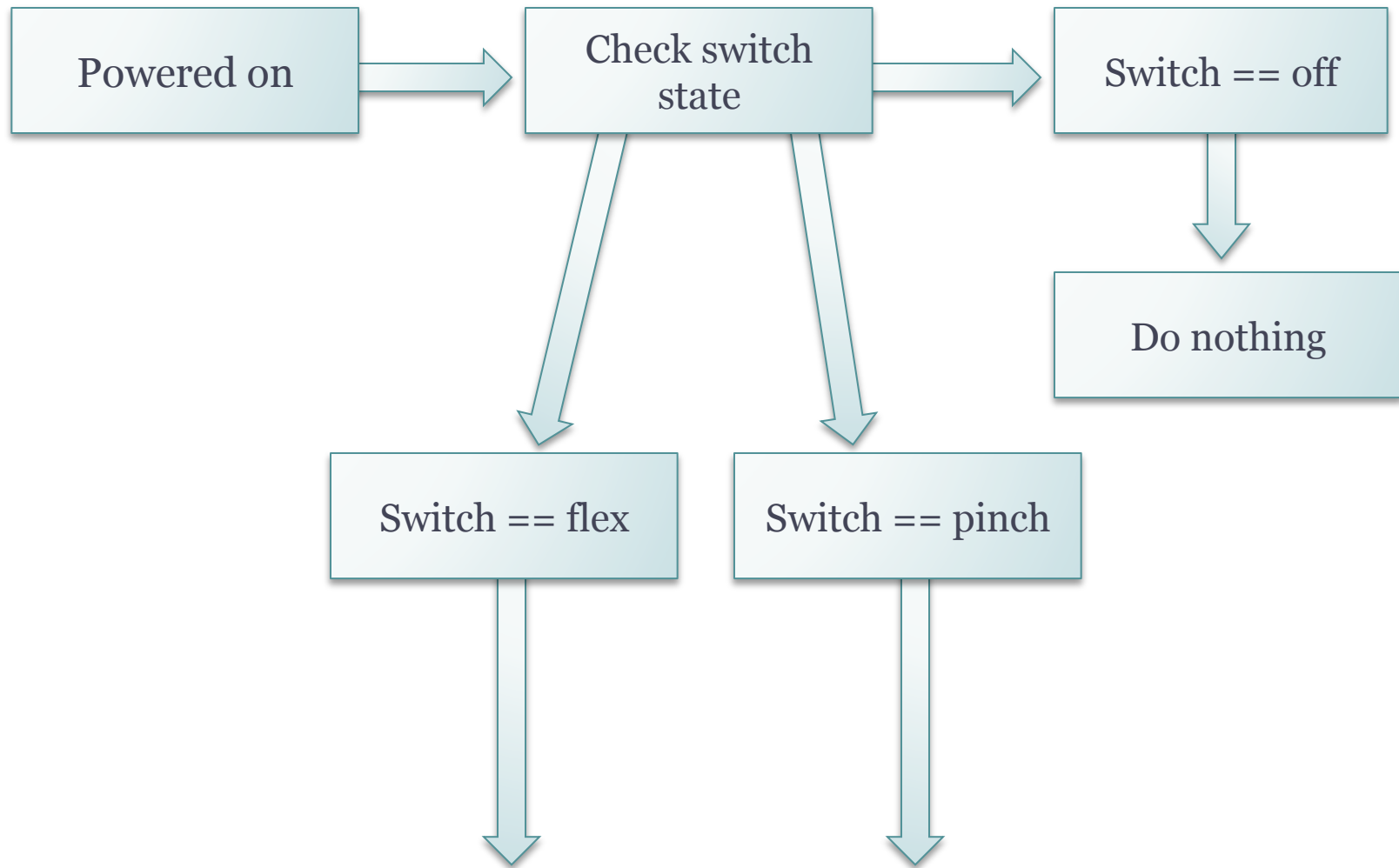


# Discrete Sections - Finger Cap

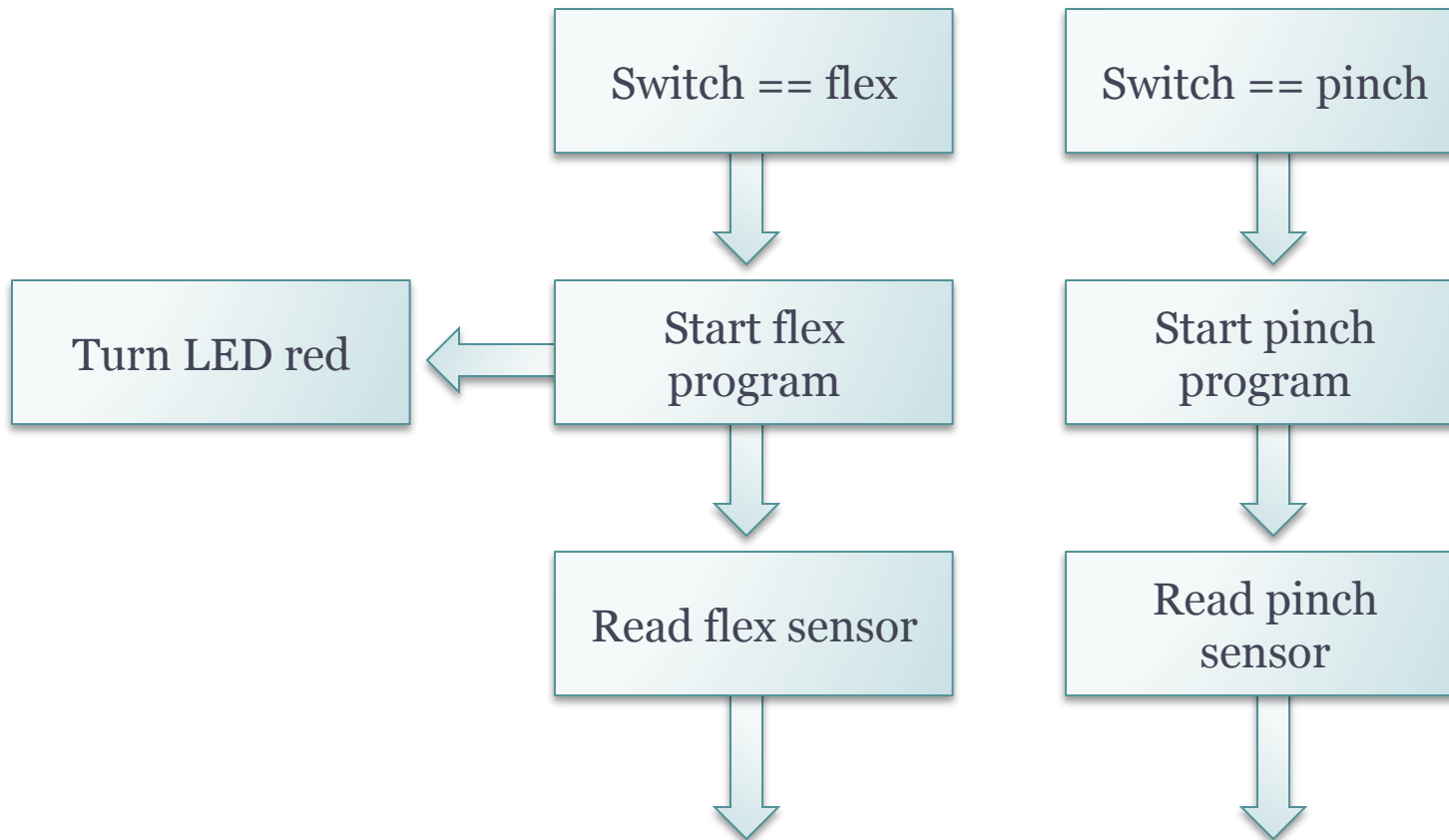
- Encases the finger to form an enclosure



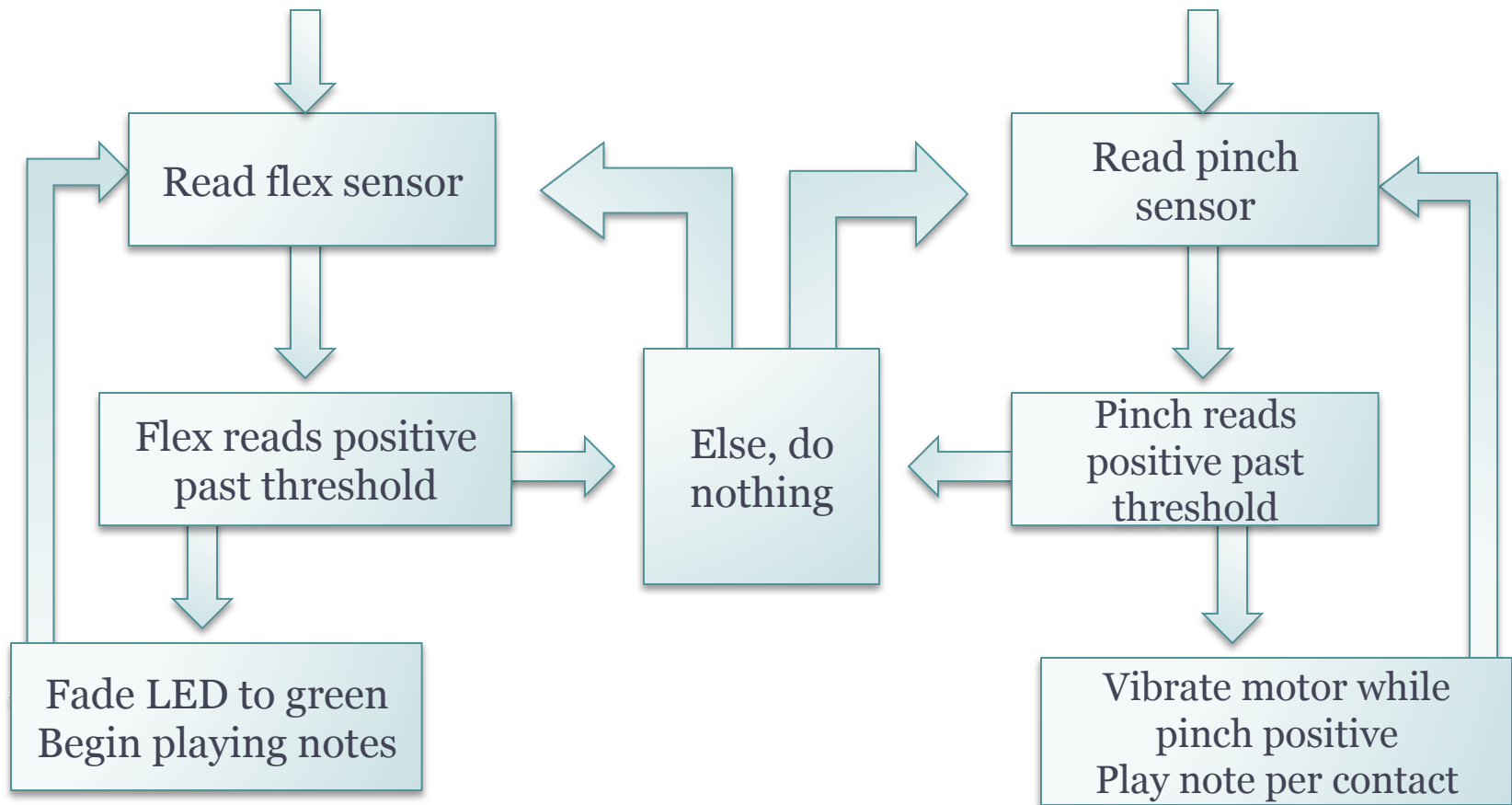
# Software Flow



# Software Flow



# Software Flow





# Bill of Materials

Item	Package	Quantity	Price/ Unit	Total Cost	Lead Time	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part #	Supplier	Supplier Part #
<b>Arduino Mega 2560 R3</b>	N/A	<b>1</b>	<b>58.95</b>	<b>58.95</b>	<b>3 days</b>	<b>Arduino</b>	<b>A000067</b>	<b>Sparkfun Electronics</b>	<b>DEV-11061</b>
LM7805 Voltage Regulator	TO-220 IGO	1	1.25	1.25	3 days	Texas Instruments	A7805	Sparkfun Electronics	COM-00107
Barrel Jack Power Switch	M/F	1	2.5	2.5	3 days	N/A	N/A	Sparkfun Electronics	COM-11705
PCB Mount Speaker	N/A	1	1.95	1.95	3 days	Sanco Electronics	EMB-30008A	Sparkfun Electronics	COM-11089
<b>Neopixel Strip</b>	<b>60 LED/ m</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>24.95</b>	<b>24.95</b>	<b>3 days</b>	<b>Adafruit Industries</b>	<b>1138</b>	<b>Adafruit Industries</b>	<b>1138</b>
Barrel Power Connector	2.1 mm	1	1.86	1.86	3 days	CUI Inc.	PJ-011A	Digi-Key Corp.	CP-011A-ND
AC/DC Wall Adapter	9V, 1.5 A, 2.1 mm	1	15.95	15.95	3 days	Jameco Reliapro	S15AD090150H06 50-R	Jameco	252786
12 Pos. Rotary Switch	Adj.	1	9.65	9.65	3 days	Grayhill Inc.	56D30-01-1-AJN	Digi-Key Corp.	GH5601-ND
Selector Knob	N/A	1	5.67	5.67	3 days	Grayhill Inc.	11K5028-JMNB	Digi-Key Corp.	11K5028- JMNB-ND
Knob Header	N/A	1	2.17	2.17	3 days	Samtec Inc.	ESQ-106-24-T-D	Newark	91P9155
Input Header		2	3.95	7.9	3 days	4UCON Tech. Inc.	N/A	Sparkfun Electronics	PRT-00743

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Item	Package	Quantity	Price/Unit	Total Cost	Lead Time	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part #	Supplier	Supplier Part #
Board-Board Connector	Male, 40 holes	1	2.95	2.95	3 days	N/A	N/A	Sparkfun Electronics	PRT-10158
Speaker Capacitor	.1mF, 5mm dia., 2.5 mm pitch	1	0.46	0.46	3 days	Panasonic	EEU-HD1C101	Digi-Key Corp.	P15112-ND
1K Resistors	1206	15	0.1	1.5	3 days	Panasonic	ERJ-8GEYJ102V	Digi-Key Corp.	P1.0KECT-ND
150 Ohm Resistor	1206	1	0.1	0.1	3 days	Panasonic	ERJ-8GEYJ151V	Digi-Key Corp.	P150ECT-ND
50 ohm Resistors	1206	5	0.85	4.25	3 days	Vishay	TNPW120650R0BE EN07	Mouser Electronics	71-TNPW120650R0BEEN
.1uF Capacitor	1206	6	0.1	0.6	3 days	Samsung Electromechanics	CL31B104KBCNNNC	Digi-Key Corp.	1276-1017-1-ND
.33uF Capacitor	1206	1	0.23	0.23	3 days	Samsung Electromechanics	CL31B334KBFNNNE	Digi-Key Corp.	1276-1138-1-ND
SD05-7 Diode	SOD-323	5	0.41	2.05	3 days	Diodes Inc.	SD05-7	Digi-Key Corp.	SD05DICT-ND
Transistor	SOT23	5	0.15	0.75	3 days	Fairchild Semiconductor	MMBT3904	Digi-Key Corp.	MMBT3904FSC-ND
Hook-Up-Wire	22 AWG, stranded, 25 ft.	1	2.5	2.5	3 days	Sparkfun Electronics	PRT-08022	Sparkfun Electronics	PRT-08022
Heat Shrink	2:1, 1 in., 1 ft. segments	10	1.81	18.1	3 days	Sumitomo Electronics	AMS-DTL-23053/5	Heatshrink.com	5121010
Hand Neoprene	Smooth back, 939 sq.cm., 1mm thick	1	9.93	9.93	3 days	Small Parts	NEOHS-1MM12I12I60A	Amazon.com	N/A

# Bill of Materials

Item	Package	Quantity	Price/ Unit	Total Cost	Lead Time	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part #	Supplier	Supplier Part #
Sensor Neoprene	Smooth back, .381 mm, .836 sq.m	1	17.4	17.4	3-7 days	Kmac Plastics	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>PCB</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>32.74</b>	<b>32.74</b>	<b>14+ days</b>	<b>Fritzing Fab</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>N/A</b>
Velostat	.1 mm thickness, 12x36 in.	1	1.95	1.95	7 days	3M	N/A	lessemf.com	LE-1234
Vibration Motors	10 mm dia.	5	1.95	9.75	3 days	Precision Microdrives	310-101	Adafruit Industries	1201
Hook Strip	.5x75 in	1	8	8	3 days	Uline	S-19438	Uline	S-19438
Loop Strip	.5x75 in	1	8	8	3 days	Uline	S-19439	Uline	S-19439
Conductive Thread	30 ft bobbin	1	2.95	2.95	3 days	N/A	N/A	Sparkfun Electronics	DEV-10867
Enclosure	N/A	1	7.95	7.95	3 days	Everest Case	N/A	Sparkfun Electronics	PRT-11366
Standoffs	3/8", 4-40 tooled, 10 pack	1	2.95	2.95	3 days	N/A	N/A	Sparkfun Electronics	PRT-10461
4-40 Phillips Head Screw	10 pack	1	1.5	1.5	3 days	N/A	N/A	Sparkfun Electronics	PRT-10450
Glove Labor Est.		1 hr.	\$50	50				Independent Contractor	
Electronics Assembly		2 hrs.	\$100	200				WUSM Electronics Shop	

# Bill of Materials

- Total cost: \$519.41
- Manufacturing costs are rough estimates and will have to be finalized
- Several points of potential cost reduction for future production

# Weight on Hand Analysis

Component	# per hand	Volume (cm <sup>3</sup> )	Weight/density of individual component	Weight on hand
0.2 mm Velostat (0.65 x 7 cm)	15	0.091	1	1.365
0.2 mm Velostat (0.5 x 1.5 cm)	15	0.015	1	0.225
1 mm Neoprene (1 x 21.5 cm)	10	2.15	1.3	27.95
1 mm Neoprene Cuff	1	40	1.3	52
0.5 mm Neoprene (0.6 x 12.5 cm)	10	0.375	1.3	4.875
0.5 mm Neoprene (0.6 x 1 cm)	10	0.03	1.3	0.39
LEDs	5	n/a	1	5
Vibrational Motor	5	n/a	1.2	6
Velcro Straps (finger)	5		3	15
Velcro Strap (hand)	1		5	5
Total Weight on Hand (g)				117.805

# Safety

- Sanitation is our primary safety concern
  - Transmission of disease amongst patients is unacceptable
  - Neoprene is fluid resistant and easily cleaned
  - Instructions on cleaning drop risk from serious to low
- Mechanical injury to patients (over tightening) is possible, but rigorous training standards will help prevent this
- High currents pose threat
  - Mode selector limits max current draw
  - All potential patient-system interfaces are insulated

# Actuator Safety

- Audio can't be above 80 dB
  - We have limited current across the speaker, not operated at full power
- LED brightness
  - Max 1.4 cd
  - Can limit with programming
- Motor vibration
  - Hard to judge
  - We have limited the vibration amplitude to about 1.4 g

# Conclusions

- Did we meet goals?
  - Yes – proof of concept device, easily built and tested
  - Weight and feedback level constraints controlled
  - Device is safe
  - Device fits at least 90% of people
  - Doctor/Therapist has some control over operation
- Future plans – consult with Dr. Carter to pursue manufacture of prototype and testing for effectiveness
- Also optimize cost and enhance some design features



# Conclusions

- Intellectual Property
  - Research device – no interest in monetizing
  - May pursue a utility patent or model to prevent monetization by others
- What did we learn?
  - Design is hard...
  - Circuits, CAD, analysis, part searches...
  - Teamwork and focus are key to completing projects
- What would we do differently?
  - Be more open to initial designs
  - Streamlined design from beginning

Thank you!  
Questions?